Q. Explain Implicit and Explicit function with example.
Q. Find the reflected coordinate of triangle ABC about line $\mathrm{y}=3 \mathrm{x}+4$. The original coordinates of triangle $\mathrm{A}(5,10) ; \mathrm{B}(10,10) \& \mathrm{C}(5,15)$.
Q. Discuss about B-rep and CSG approach in Solid modeling with advantages and limitation.
Q. Explain parametric representation of surface and write parametric equation of ruled surface, surface of revolution and Bezier surface.
Q. Explain NC, CNC and DNC and differentiate between them.
Q. Explain open and closed loop system with example.
Q. Explain the procedure for manual part programing with example.
Q. Explain automated material handling with example.
Q. Explain product life cycle with a neat block diagram.
Q. Write short notes on
i. Input devices.
ii. Output devices.

And also explain Mouse, Keyboard.
Q. Given a point $\mathrm{P}(1,3,-5)$ find:

The transformed point $\mathrm{p}^{*}$ is translated by $\mathrm{d}=2 \mathrm{i}+3 \mathrm{j}-4 \mathrm{k}$ and then rotated by $30^{\circ}$ about Z axis.
Q. Consider a triangle whose vertices are $(2,2),(4,2)$ and $(4,4)$. Find the concatenated Transformation matrix and the transformed vertices for rotation of 90 about the origin followed by reflection through the line $y=x$.
Q. Describe explicit, implicit and parametric representations. What are the advantages of parametric representation over non-parametric representation? Write parametric equations for circle, parabola, hyperbola, line and ellipse.
Q. Describe Hermite Cubic Splinescurves.
Q. Describe Bezier curves.
Q. Describe B-spline curves.

## Short Questions

i. Explain the term CAM.
ii. Differentiate homogenous coordinate and ordinary coordinate.
iii. What are combined transformations?
iv. Define 3D shearing and Scaling.
v. Define Automation.
vi. Write down the parametric equation of Bezier curve and $\beta$ spline.
vii. What is the application of FEM?
viii. What are FMS components?
ix. Differentiate between NC \& CNC.
x. If a circle is revolved about the axis of revolution by $360^{\circ}$, then give the shape of object in 3D.
xi. List the advantages of CAD and CAM.
xii. Explain Scaling.
xiii. Define a curve.
xiv. Define a synthetic curve.
xv. Key board as an input device in CAD.
xvi. Explain WCS.
xvii. Explain Non-Parametric equations of curve.
xviii. Synthetic Curve.
xix. Drive the equation of line (end point not known).
xx. Advantage of Cam.

